

# United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/732,481	12/07/2000	Rabindranath Dutta	AUS920000822US1	3171	
7590 01/13/2005			EXAMINER		
Joseph R. Burwell Law Office of Joseph R. Burwell			LAZARO,	LAZARO, DAVID R	
P.O. Box 28022 Austin, TX 78755-8022			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2155		
			DATE MAILED: 01/13/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/732,481	DUTTA ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	David Lazaro	2155			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days a reply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 Se	eptember 2004.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4)	vn from consideration. is/are rejected.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcting 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		•			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some color None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary				
<ul> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)         Paper No(s)/Mail Date     </li> </ul>	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)			

Application/Control Number: 09/732,481 Page 2

Art Unit: 2155 -

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. This Office Action is in response to the Amendment filed 09/13/04.

- 2. Claims 1, 4-7, 12, 15-18, 23 and 26-29 were amended.
- 3. Claims 3, 8-11, 14, 19-22, 25 and 30-33 were canceled.
- 4. Claims 1, 2, 4-7, 12, 13, 15-18, 23, 24, and 26-29 are pending in this Office Action.

## Response to Amendment

- 5. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action.
- 6. The objection to Claims 1, 12 and 23 was not addressed and still stands.
- 7. The objection to Claims 4-7, 15-18 and 26-29 is withdrawn.

### Claim Objections

8. Claims 1, 12 and 23 objected to because of the following informalities: All instances of "the application" (for example, lines 2-3 and 12-13 in Claim 1) should be "the data sharing application" for consistency and clarity. Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

9. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 10. Claims 1, 2, 4-7, 12, 13, 15-18, 23, 24 and 26-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over "Gnutella Support", from gnutella.wego.com, 12/31/1999 (as cited in submitted IDS) (Gnutella) in view of U.S. Patent 6,742,023 by Fanning et al. (Fanning).
- With respect to Claim 1, Gnutella teaches a method for operating a data sharing 11. application in a peer-to-peer network (Page 3, 'For Techies'), wherein the application executes on a source node (Page 3), the method comprising: establishing a connection between the source node and a target node in the peer-to-peer network (Page 3-4, 'Just tell me how to get connected'); receiving node characterizing data from the target node (Page 3, figure under 'Lets get started', Pages 4-5, 'Connection List', 'Connection Stats' and 'GnutellaNet Stats'); and displaying the node characterizing data within the application at the source node (Page 3, figure under 'Lets get started'). Gnutella does not explicitly disclose the node characterizing data contain information classification data for content data that is available form the target node, wherein the information classification data indicates multiple categories into which content data that is available from the target node has been classified. Fanning teaches data characterizing a node can contain information classification data for content data that is available from the target node, wherein the information classification data indicates multiple categories into which content data that is available from the target node has been classified (Col. 5 line 66 - Col. 6 line 11). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the

time the invention was made to take the method disclosed by Gnutella and modify it as indicated by Fanning such that the node characterizing data contains information classification data for content data that is available form the target node, wherein the information classification data indicates multiple categories into which content data that is available from the target node has been classified. One would be motivated to have this, as there is need for users to be able to quickly and reliably locate data they wish to acquire (Col. 2 lines 6-10 and Col. 5 line 66 - Col. 6 line 11 of Fanning).

- 12. With respect to Claim 2, Gnutella in view of Fanning teaches all the limitations of Claim 1 and further teaches automatically requesting the node characterizing data from the target node in response to establishing a connection with the target node.

  (Gnutella, Page 3, figure under 'Lets get started', specifically note the different stats and information about current connections such as IP address, type, Info gnutellaNet stats, and network information. These are stats are automatically populated upon connecting to a gnutella server through the use of a 0x00 message See 'Cap'n Bry's gnutella search' included with submitted IDS).
- 13. With respect to Claim 4, Gnutella in view of Fanning teaches all the limitations of Claim 1 and further teaches wherein content data that is available from the target node includes content data that is stored at the target node and content data that is stored at nodes from which the target node is able to retrieve data (Col. 5 line 60 Col. 6 line 11 of Fanning).
- 14. With respect to Claim 5, Gnutella in view of Fanning teaches all the limitations of Claim 4 and further teaches wherein the information classification data for content data

Application/Control Number: 09/732,481

Art Unit: 2155

that is available from the target node includes information classification data that has been received at the target node from other nodes (Col. 5 line 60 - Col. 6 line 11 of Fanning).

- 15. With respect to Claim 6, Gnutella in view of Fanning teaches all the limitations of Claim 4 and further teaches wherein the information classification data for content data that is available from the target node includes information classification data that has been received at the target node from other nodes within a number of links from the target node (Col. 5 lines 26-40 and Col. 5 line 60 Col. 6 line 11 of Fanning).
- 16. With respect to Claim 7, Gnutella in view of Fanning teaches all the limitations of Claim 4 and further teaches wherein the node characterizing data includes an indication of a measure of a depth of links from the target node has received information classification data (Page 5, definition of 'Hosts', note it includes direction connections and direction connection's connections).
- 17. With respect to Claim 12, Gnutella teaches an apparatus for operating a data sharing application in a peer-to-peer network (Page 3, 'For Techies'), wherein the application executes on a source node (Page 3), the apparatus comprising: establishing means for establishing a connection between the source node and a target node in the peer-to-peer network (Page 3-4, 'Just tell me how to get connected'); receiving means for receiving node characterizing data from the target node (Page 3, figure under 'Lets get started', Pages 4-5, 'Connection List', 'Connection Stats' and 'GnutellaNet Stats'); and displaying means for displaying the node characterizing data within the application at the source node (Page 3, figure under 'Lets get started'). Gnutella does not explicitly

disclose the node characterizing data contain information classification data for content data that is available form the target node, wherein the information classification data indicates multiple categories into which content data that is available from the target node has been classified. Fanning teaches data characterizing a node can contain information classification data for content data that is available from the target node, wherein the information classification data indicates multiple categories into which content data that is available from the target node has been classified (Col. 5 line 66 -Col. 6 line 11). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to take the apparatus disclosed by Gnutella and modify it as indicated by Fanning such that the node characterizing data contains information classification data for content data that is available form the target node, wherein the information classification data indicates multiple categories into which content data that is available from the target node has been classified. One would be motivated to have this, as there is need for users to be able to quickly and reliably locate data they wish to acquire (Col. 2 lines 6-10 and Col. 5 line 66 - Col. 6 line 11 of Fanning).

18. With respect to Claim 13, Gnutella in view of Fanning teaches all the limitations of Claim 12 and further teaches requesting means for automatically requesting the node characterizing data from the target node in response to establishing a connection with the target node. (In Gnutella, Page 3, figure under 'Lets get started', specifically note the different stats and information about current connections – such as IP address, type, Info – gnutellaNet stats, and network information. These are stats are automatically

Application/Control Number: 09/732,481.

**Art Unit: 2155** 

populated upon connecting to a gnutella server through the use of a 0x00 message – See 'Cap'n Bry's gnutella search' included with submitted IDS).

- 19. With respect to Claim 15, Gnutella in view of Fanning teaches all the limitations of Claim 12 and further teaches wherein content data that is available from the target node includes content data that is stored at the target node and content data that is stored at nodes from which the target node is able to retrieve data (Col. 5 line 60 Col. 6 line 11 of Fanning).
- 20. With respect to Claim 16, Gnutella in view of Fanning teaches all the limitations of Claim 12 and further teaches wherein the information classification data for content data that is available from the target node includes information classification data that has been received at the target node from other nodes (Col. 5 line 60 Col. 6 line 11 of Fanning).
- 21. With respect to Claim 17, Gnutella in view of Fanning teaches all the limitations of Claim 12 and further teaches wherein the information classification data for content data that is available from the target node includes information classification data that has been received at the target node from other nodes within a number of links from the target node (Col. 5 lines 26-40 and Col. 5 line 60 Col. 6 line 11 of Fanning).
- 22. With respect to Claim 18, Gnutella in view of Fanning teaches all the limitations of Claim 12 and further teaches wherein the node characterizing data includes an indication of a measure of a depth of links from the target node has received information classification data (Page 5, definition of 'Hosts', note it includes direction connections and direction connection's connections).

23. With respect to Claim 23, Gnutella teaches a computer program product on a computer readable medium for use in a data processing system for operating a data sharing application in a peer-to-peer network (Page 3, 'For Techies'), wherein the application executes on a source node (Page 3), the computer program product comprising: instructions for establishing a connection between the source node and a target node in the peer-to-peer network (Page 3-4, 'Just tell me how to get connected'); instructions for receiving node characterizing data from the target node (Page 3, figure under 'Lets get started', Pages 4-5, 'Connection List', 'Connection Stats' and 'GnutellaNet Stats'); and instructions for displaying the node characterizing data within the application at the source node (Page 3, figure under 'Lets get started'). Gnutella does not explicitly disclose the node characterizing data contain information classification data for content data that is available form the target node, wherein the information classification data indicates multiple categories into which content data that is available from the target node has been classified. Fanning teaches data characterizing a node can contain information classification data for content data that is available from the target node, wherein the information classification data indicates multiple categories into which content data that is available from the target node has been classified (Col. 5 line 66 - Col. 6 line 11). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to take the computer program product disclosed by Gnutella and modify it as indicated by Fanning such that the node characterizing data contains information classification data for content data that is available form the target node, wherein the information classification data indicates

Application/Control Number: 09/732,481

Art Unit: 2155

multiple categories into which content data that is available from the target node has been classified. One would be motivated to have this, as there is need for users to be able to quickly and reliably locate data they wish to acquire (Col. 2 lines 6-10 and Col. 5 line 66 - Col. 6 line 11 of Fanning).

- 24. With respect to Claim 24, Gnutella in view of Fanning teaches all the limitations of Claim 23 and further teaches instructions for automatically requesting the node characterizing data from the target node in response to establishing a connection with the target node (Gnutella, Page 3, figure under 'Lets get started', specifically note the different stats and information about current connections such as IP address, type, Info gnutellaNet stats, and network information. These are stats are automatically populated upon connecting to a gnutella server through the use of a 0x00 message See 'Cap'n Bry's gnutella search' included with submitted IDS).
- 25. With respect to Claim 26, Gnutella in view of Fanning teaches all the limitations of Claim 23 and further teaches wherein content data that is available from the target node includes content data that is stored at the target node and content data that is stored at nodes from which the target node is able to retrieve data (Col. 5 line 60 Col. 6 line 11 of Fanning).
- 26. With respect to Claim 27, Gnutella in view of Fanning teaches all the limitations of Claim 26 and further teaches wherein the information classification data for content data that is available from the target node includes information classification data that has been received at the target node from other nodes (Col. 5 line 60 Col. 6 line 11 of Fanning).

- 27. With respect to Claim 28, Gnutella in view of Fanning teaches all the limitations of Claim 26 and further teaches wherein the information classification data for content data that is available from the target node includes information classification data that has been received at the target node from other nodes within a number of links from the target node (Col. 5 lines 26-40 and Col. 5 line 60 Col. 6 line 11 of Fanning).
- 28. With respect to Claim 29, Gnutella in view of Fanning teaches all the limitations of Claim 26 and further teaches wherein the node characterizing data includes an indication of a measure of a depth of links from the target node has received information classification data (Page 5, definition of 'Hosts', note it includes direction connections and direction connection's connections).

#### Response to Arguments

29. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 2, 4-7, 12, 13, 15-18, 23, 24, and 26-29 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

#### **Conclusion**

30. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within

Application/Control Number: 09/732,481

**Art Unit: 2155** 

Page 11

TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not

mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the

shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later

than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

31. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to David Lazaro whose telephone number is 571-272-

3986. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30-5:00 M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Hosain Alam can be reached on 571-272-3978. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only.

For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

David Lazaro

January 10, 2005

mteun

HOSAIN ALAM SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER